

WAR OFFICE IS CENSURED BY PUBLIC.

Lord Roberts Has Not Been Provided With Necessary Re-mounts. Anxiety About Water.

DEADLY LUNG SICKNESS

Breaks Out Among Buller's Oxen. Siege of Mafeking Not Raised. Story of the Ambush.

LONDON, April 5, 5 a. m.—The war office issued no news yesterday and little was allowed to come through from the correspondents at Bloemfontein. According to the Standard's representative, there is no sign that the Boers intend taking the offensive. General Clement has so disposed of his forces as to guard against any surprise attack, which, although improbable, is evidently not regarded as impossible. Judging from the preparations of Lord Roberts. As usual, whenever there is any check in the progress of the British campaign the war office is being severely censured for failing to maintain the necessary supply of re-mounts for the army. It is possible Lord Roberts has difficulties other than re-mounts with which to contend.

Much Anxiety About Water Supply.

Much anxiety is felt as to the water supply, despite the statements cabled home that there is no fear of a water famine. Whatever the reasons may be, considerable dissatisfaction is beginning to be expressed here at the unaccountable delay both at Bloemfontein and in Natal, which enables the Boers to recover from the demoralization caused by Lord Roberts' former rapid movement.

The enemy now evidently hope to retard the advance by threatening the railway behind Lord Roberts. So far as the Natal railways are concerned, repairs are being made beyond Elandslaagte and the idea so often repeated, is that an advance is imminent.

Boers Reveal Immense Strength.

A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Ladysmith says that the Boer invading positions reveal immense strength, ingenious construction and immunity from the British shrapnel and light fire.

A dispatch from Ladysmith to the Daily Chronicle gives serious news of the outbreak of a deadly lung sickness among the oxen which, if it spreads, is likely to cripple General Buller's operations.

From Lourenco Marques comes the report that Mr. Steyn has been appointed commander of the Free State forces. Although Colonel Plumer is reported to have gotten within six miles of Mafeking, it is evident that the siege had not been raised on April 1. Toward the end of this morning Colonel Plumer will be reinforced by the troops now going by way of Lydena, so that relief cannot be far distant.

SHOUTED "HANDS UP."

The Watchword of the Burghers at the Ambuscade.

BRANDFORD, Orange Free State, Monday, April 2.—Burghers who are returning here from the scene of the Sandfontein ambuscade (also referred to as Kame and Korn apruit) furnish interesting details of the occurrence. It appears that when the first retreating British wagon entered the drift the ambuscaders shouted "hands up," removed the officers and let the cart through.

This process was repeated several times till the wagons arrived in a bunch, when the ruse was discovered and a disorderly flight followed. In one cart were two officers, to whom Commandant Dewet shouted "hands up." One of them obeyed, whereupon the other shot his comrade dead, refused to surrender and was immediately shot.

Boers Captured Numerous Prisoners.

The burghers lost three men killed and ten men wounded, including a field cornet. Among the wounded was the Dutch military attaché Nix, who received a bullet in the chest. Altogether the Boers captured 289 prisoners throughout the day.

The significance of the battle must not be under-rated. It was fought by a force of Free Staters on the flat plains and without shelter. The Free Staters are now desirous of marching on Bloemfontein and the Transvaalers are anxious to emulate the late success of their allies.

All the Southern Boer forces have now formed junctions with the main Boer army and form a large force of veterans.

ROBERTS SHORT ON HORSES.

Reserving His Cavalry For the Forward Movement.

LONDON, April 5.—Detached bodies of Boer horse, number from 500 to 1,000 each, have appeared at several places to the southward and eastward of Bloemfontein, threatening the railroad, but communication by wire and rail is not in the least affected. One of these forces is near East Springfontein, on the Bloemfontein railroad, and General Gatacre's forces are reported to be about to engage it. Lord Roberts except to safeguard the railroad, seemingly declines to send columns chasing the Boer bands. He is reserving his cavalry and transport animals for the forward movement. Explanations having indicated origin in the war office as to why Lord Roberts is inactive, are that there has been a lack of horses for re-mounts, but new horses are arriving by train loaded hourly. The pressure on the railroad is so great that

private parcels of the officers have not been forwarded from Cape Town for three weeks.

Situation Far From Clear.

The situation in the Free State remains far from clear and is unsatisfactory to British observers. The sickness among the Boer prisoners at Simons Town continues to increase. Five men died April 3. The prisoners who were on board the transport Mongolian have been transferred to the shore camp. Unless the sickness abates it is not likely that more prisoners will be sent to St. Helena.

A dispatch from Cape Town dated yesterday, announces the departure for the front of the second contingent of Canadian mountain infantry.

Rudyard Kipling has returned to Cape Town.

FURTHER DETAILS RECEIVED

In Regard to Capt. Haldane and Lieut. Le Mesurier's Escape.

LONDON, April 5.—Further details just received from Lorenzo Marques in regard to Captain Haldane, of the Gordon Highlanders, and Lieut. Le Mesurier, of the Dublin Fusiliers, who recently arrived there after escaping from Pretoria, encountering perilous adventures on the way, show that their experiences were very similar to those of Winston Churchill, the war correspondent, who also escaped from Pretoria in December last. Hiding in swamps during the day time, having narrow escapes from Boer patrols and traversing one hundred miles of country, Captain Haldane and Lieut. Le Mesurier at length reached Watervalcover, in the South African republic, where they hid in an open railroad truck, covered with tarpaulin.

Not Lord Salisbury's Son.

LONDON, April 5.—It is thought the officer named Cecil captured at Ramatlabama is not Lord Salisbury's son, Lord Cecil, as the dispatch says he belonged to Colonel Plumer's force and if the Boers had captured the premier's son they would assuredly heralded the fact.

Dr. Jameson Very Ill.

CAPE TOWN, April 5.—Dr. Jameson, the leader of the famous raid into the Transvaal territory, has arrived here. He is very ill.

CONVENTION HALL

To Be Rebuilt—Mass Meeting of Kansas City Business Men So Decides.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 5.—At a mass meeting of the business men held at the Commercial Club to-night, which was attended by the executive committee on arrangements for the national Democratic convention and the directors of convention hall, the following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that a new convention hall be built and completed for the use of the Democratic national convention on July 4."

At the meeting to-night \$38,500 was raised by popular subscription, making new subscriptions which aggregate \$69,750 since the convention hall burned.

The board of directors now has an available fund for rebuilding the hall, which aggregates \$224,500. Of this sum, \$150,000 is from insurance, \$10,000 left in the treasury from the old fund, and the balance from cash subscriptions raised yesterday and to-day.

Lieut. Gilmore Passes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—Lieutenant Gilmore has successfully passed his examination for promotion to the grade of lieutenant commander in the navy.

TELEGRAPH TAPPINGS.

Ghazi Osman Nubar Pasha, the hero of Egypt, died yesterday evening at Constantinople.

The Russian cruiser Variaz, which is nearing completion at Cramp's shipyards, was given a private dock trial yesterday.

Dr. Leyda, diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, has telegraphed to the prince of Wales congratulating him on his escape from assassination.

Sliaz B. Cobb, who has been prominent in the more important business interests of Chicago for more than half a century, died Thursday from pneumonia.

The 1,500 men of the Glenwood shops at the Baltimore & Ohio railroad have submitted a demand for an advance in wages averaging from five to ten per cent.

The senate Thursday Mr. Jones (Ark.) presented the credentials of J. C. B. Blackburn as a senator from Kentucky for the term of six years, beginning March 4, 1901.

Alice Ireland, the young Chester, Pa., woman who went into a trance last Saturday at the home of a friend in Media, Pa., is now semi-conscious and hopes are entertained for her ultimate recovery.

As a sequel to the demonstration which attended the visit of the Argentine cruiser Presidente Sarmiento to Spanish ports recently, a cabinet council has voted a credit to hold a Hispano-American congress.

Two more claimants to the property left by Charles L. Davis (Alvin Joslin) have turned up, and it is said they will contest the will, which bequeaths the bulk of the estate to Mrs. Margaret Shriver Simpson, of Detroit.

It is now said that the negotiations between the United States and Denmark for the sale of the Danish West Indies cannot be concluded before the close of the present session of the rigsdag, which will adjourn in a few days.

A meeting of the executive board of the United Mine Workers of the Pittsburgh district will be held to-day for the purpose of devising means to bring about a termination of the present strike and a general resumption of work.

The ominous preparations of the Russian and Japanese war departments continue. The Russians are making strenuous efforts to fill Port Arthur with grain, even at panic prices, and are importing quantities of wheat from China.

Henry Muegrake Onequil, an American professional painter, well known in New York and Chicago, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment at the Old Bailey in London, for stealing property belonging to a woman with whom he contracted a bogus marriage.

BRYAN'S BROOM SWEEPS CLEAN AT THE START.

Captures the Entire Delegation from the Keystone State—Dewey Not Mentioned.

THE APOSTLE OF SILVER

Will be Supported by Pennsylvanians as a Unit—State Went Through Without a Crack.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 5.—The sixty-four delegates from Pennsylvania to the Democratic national convention at Kansas City, were instructed by today's state convention to support William J. Bryan for President. They are bound by the unit rule and cannot change to any other presidential aspirant unless by a majority vote of the delegation. The platform strongly endorses Bryan's candidacy; denounces the war policy of the McKinley administration and advocates numerous state reforms. Except for a slight breeze over the contests from Dauphin, Luzerne and Philadelphia, the convention was a quiet and harmonious gathering. The committee on credentials reported in favor of the sitting delegates and its action was approved by the convention.

The Ticket Nominated.

The following ticket was nominated: Auditor-General—P. Gray Meek, of Centre county.

Congress-at-Large—Harry E. Grim, of Bucks county.

N. M. Edwards, of Williamsport.

Electors-at-Large—General A. H. Coffroth, of Somerset; Otto Germer, of Erie; Francis Shunk Brown, of Philadelphia, and Andrew Kaul, of Elk.

The following delegates to the national convention were named:

Delegates at Large—Colonel James M. Guffey, of Pittsburgh; ex-Governor Robert E. Pattison, Philadelphia; John B. Keenan, of Greensburg; Congressman Rufus K. Polk, of Danville; Charles J. Reilly, of Williamsport; ex-Congressman James M. Kerr, of Clearfield; ex-State Chairman John M. Garman, of Nanticoke; ex-Congressman William H. Sowden, of Allentown.

PREPARED A SLATE.

Which Was Subsequently Ratified by the State Democracy.

CONVENTION HALL, HARRISBURG, Pa., April 5.—The Democratic state convention met in the Harrisburg opera house to-day to nominate candidates for auditor-general and congressmen-at-large and select eight delegates at large to the Kansas City convention.

Before the convention the party leaders prepared a slate which was subsequently ratified by the convention.

The platform was also agreed upon by the leaders last night, but was withheld until after it had been submitted to the committee on resolutions to-day.

Fifty-six district delegates to the Kansas City convention and electors were chosen, at caucuses of the delegates from each of the districts last night and their selections were endorsed by the convention.

Colonel Guffey, Pennsylvania's member of the national committee, said to-night:

"The resolution which binds the delegates to act as a unit was adopted by the convention without my knowledge or consent. Had I known of its intended presentation I would have advised against its passage. The delegates are representative men and can be relied upon to carry out the instructions of the convention."

WILL BECOME A LAW.

Republicans in Caucus Agree to the Puerto Rican Tariff Bill as Amended by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—The Republicans of the house in caucus to-night decided to take the shortest route to a termination of the Puerto Rican tariff problem by concurring in all the senate amendments and sending the bill directly to the President. There was a feeble protest from Mr. Cooper, of Wisconsin, chairman of the insular committee, and Mr. Moody, of Massachusetts, who favored standing out against some of the features of the civil government scheme attached to the bill by the senate. They objected specially to the senate provision making all the members of the upper council of the Puerto Rican legislature appointees of the President and clothing them with the power to grant franchises, but the sentiment of the caucus was overwhelmingly against them, none of the Republicans who voted against the original house bill being present at the caucus to-night.

As soon as the Republicans absent from Washington can be summoned here, as early as Monday, if possible, the matter will be brought before the house under a special rule.

Full and Harmonious Convention.

After the caucus, Chairman Cannon gave out a statement as follows:

"It was a full and harmonious caucus. The best of temper was displayed. Mr. Payne moved concurrence in the nineteen senate amendments, covering the revenue features of the bill and Mr. Hemenway, of Indiana, offered an amendment to the motion to concur in all the senate amendments. The vote was taken first on the amendment which was agreed to with practical unanimity. Not more than two gentlemen present voted against it.

The amended motion was then agreed to. The matter will be brought up in the house as soon as the absentees, some of whom are at home sick, or looking after business, political, or otherwise, can return. Every effort will be made to have them here on Monday. There will probably be a special rule, but no time for the limit of debate has been fixed."

AGAINST QUAY.

Senator Gallinger Claims to Seat Him Would be a Violation of the Letter and Spirit of the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—During to-day's comparatively brief open session of the senate, Mr. Gallinger (N. H.), presented an argument against the seating of Hon. M. S. Quay as a senator from Pennsylvania. He devoted himself almost entirely to the constitutional phases of the question. Most of the day was spent in executive session.

Mr. Gallinger (N. H.), presented a constitutional argument against the seating of Mr. Quay. He maintained that the governor of Pennsylvania ought to have called a special session of the legislature to elect a senator after it had adjourned without an election. He said he opposed the seating of Mr. Quay because such action would be a violation of both the letter and the spirit of the constitution; because he was opposed to giving the governor absolute right to make appointments of senators in any circumstances; because the legislature, having adjourned without election had voluntarily relinquished a part of its representation in the senate, and because it would introduce into our institutions a Pandora's box, causing endless confusion in legislation of the states.

The senate to-day passed a bill to extend the act governing the immediate transportation of dutiable merchandise without appraisement to the ports of Laredo, Eagle Pass and El Paso, after which the senate went into executive session until 4:40, when the Alaska civil code bill was laid before the senate. Some formal amendments were about to be proceeded with when on motion of Mr. Pettus (Ala.), the senate at 4:45 p. m., adjourned.

HAWAIIAN BILL

Not Finished—Several Important Amendments Agreed Upon.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—The house did not finish the bill to provide territorial government for Hawaii to-day. When the hour fixed for taking a vote, 4 o'clock, arrived, less than half the bill had been covered and so many amendments remained that it was agreed to continue the consideration of the bill under the five minute rule, until it was finished. Several important amendments were agreed to to-day, among them the following: To nullify all labor contracts in the islands, to extend the alien contract labor law to the islands, to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquor in saloons, to limit the land-holdings of corporations to 1,000 acres, and to substitute for the house provision relating to the appointment of judges and other officers of the islands, the senate provision. The house provision lodged the appointing power in the governor, the senate placed it in the President.

BACK IN THEIR SEATS.

Congressmen Dovener and Freer Do a Good Day's Work.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—Representative Dovener to-day introduced the petition of Miss Wilson, an aunt of former Representative Benjamin Wilson, and the only surviving daughter of Colonel Benjamin Wilson, a soldier of the Revolution, in support of a bill recently introduced by Mr. Dovener to pay the soldier's heirs the accumulation of his pay which he failed to collect after the close of the war. Mr. Dovener also presented a series of resolutions, adopted by Holiday Post No. 122, G. A. R., of Wheeling, favoring what is known as the Brownlow bill to establish a soldier's home in East Tennessee.

Representative Freer to-day recommended two appointments, William H. Campbell to be postmaster at Campbell, Calhoun county, and John Deems to be postmaster at Deemsville, Ritchie county.

Representative Dayton has secured the passage by the house of two bills, one to increase the pension of Isaac M. Lock, of Clatskanie, Taylor county, to \$20 per month and the other to increase the pension of Missouri B. Ross, of Hardy county, to \$12 per month.

Three other bills introduced by Mr. Dayton are pending, with prospects of success, all for increase of pension. They are in favor of W. C. Pryor, Fetterman; Mrs. Sarah J. Fogle, of Terra Alta, and Joseph M. Shaw, Terra Alta.

Representative Dayton and Major Ran Stalnaker were at the white house to-day to pay their respects to the President.

TURKEY OPPOSED TO PORK.

Caim Our Product Is Unwholesome. Hay Protests.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—Secretary Hay has addressed a vigorous protest to the Turkish government against the proposed application of an edict excluding American pork from Turkey. The note enters an emphatic denial of the pretense of unwholesomeness set up against our pork as a basis for the exclusion, and pointedly makes it necessary for the Turkish government to support its contention by adequate evidence before it can enforce the edict without serious results. The officials here are confident as the result of the complete failures of the German health officer to make good such assertions respecting our meats, that the Turkish government can make no better showing.

AN AVENGER OF HUMANITY WAS SIPIDO

Assassin Regrets That the Bullet He Fired Did Not Kill the Prince of Wales.

"LONG LIVE THE BOERS"

Was the Exclamation of One Who Claimed to Represent the People—A Stormy Scene.

COPENHAGEN April 5.—The Prince and Princess of Wales were met at the railway station by King Christian, of Denmark, and the entire royal family. As the train drew up at the platform, the king advanced to the royal saloon carriage and, entering it alone, was the first to greet its occupants. Soon after the Prince and Princess of Wales, both appearing remarkably well, alighted on the platform. The prince smiled cheerfully and after exchanging cordial greetings with the other members of the family, conversed for a few moments with the chief dignitaries assembled. Outside the station a large crowd of people had gathered and as the visitors drove toward the palace they were greeted with ringing cheers, which were repeated as they progressed through the city. The Prince and Princess of Wales and King Christian occupied the first carriage. They were followed by the royal party.

BRUSSELS, April 11.—The attempt at the assassination of the Prince of Wales yesterday, was the sole topic of conversation on the streets and in the cafes and theatres last evening. Everywhere regret and deep indignation was manifested and satisfaction at the failure of the criminal attempt was unanimously expressed.

It is stated that when the crowd rushed at Sipido he received a blow from some one's fist in the face, which drew blood.

One version of Sipido's statement is that he declared that he committed the act because he was an anarchist and he did not allude to South Africa.

It is believed that the chamber of deputies and the senate will to-day adopt resolutions, expressing indignation reprobation of the attempt upon the Prince's life.

Premeditation Was Shown.

The Patriote says:

"Investigation proves premeditation. The interrogator of the prisoner lasted for hours, and it shows that he was instigated by an unknown person, who persuaded him to buy a pistol on Sunday in the Old Market, for three francs. Accompanied by this person, Sipido went, on Tuesday, to a meeting in the Flemish theatre and then to the Maison des Peuple, where they had drinks. Then they went to a wine shop, where Sipido wrote a letter, saying he had obtained employment. He then went to the railway station and asked the hour of the arrival of the train. Later he entered a neighboring cafe and loaded his revolver in the lavatory. Sipido refused to give the name of his companion, who, he said, was a young man some years older than himself. After Sipido was locked up the magistrates went to the house of his parents."

Regrets He Did Not Kill the Prince.

According to the Etolie Belge Sipido explained his motive as follows:

"For a long time I have thought that the ambitious men who are unchaining war sacrifice so many human lives that they deserve to be punished. These men should suffer the penalty of retaliation. When I learned by the papers that the prince was going to pass through Brussels I immediately resolved to become the avenger of humanity and to kill this assassin."

On Sunday I made up my mind to carry out my project. I regret that I have not accomplished it, as I desired."

The magistrates, struck by the incoherence of the story, are convinced that Sipido does not tell the whole truth and wishes to save some one. The magistrates are going to verify the prisoner's statement.

Government Regrets the Occurrence.

The minister of foreign affairs, M. De Fovoreau in behalf of the government associated himself with the regrets of Baron Sney.

"The government," he said, "yesterday forwarded to the Prince of Wales and Queen Victoria an expression of indignation to which so odorous an outrage had given rise."

M. Lorand, Leftist, while admitting Great Britain's services to Belgium, said he could nevertheless, not "forget she had betrayed her traditions in attacking a free people."

The minister of foreign affairs expostulated at the last remark and said that the Leftists ought to observe the reserve which was the most elementary of the rules of courtesy rendered incumbent upon them, to which M. Van Der Veldt retorted: "You failed to blame the Red Sultan. You have, therefore, no right to find fault with us. We protest against the attempt on the Prince of Wales, but we also protest against the infamous, shameful war the English are waging on a free people. You have protested in the name of the government, we protest in the name of the Belgian people and send to the Boers our fraternal greetings."

The minister of foreign affairs again protested against these attacks on a friendly nation, when M. Furment, Socialist, jumped up and shouted: "Long live the Boers!" whereupon the president of the house appealed to the patriotism of the chamber not to prolong the discussion.

STILL AT SEA.

Faculty of the State University Are Undecided Whether to "Fire" the Professors or Let the President Go. Situation is Strained.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. MORGANTOWN, W. Va., April 5.—The regents of the university transacted considerable business to-day. A number of professors and instructors were re-elected and there were several promotions and new elections.

The following reports were given out for publication by President Sturgiss:

Dr. F. W. Trussum granted leave of absence from July 1, 1900, to April 1, 1901, and Joseph William Carr, Ph. D., appointed instructor of German languages and literature for the period covered by Dr. Trussum's absence. L. L. Friend, assistant in English, promoted to be instructor in English at an increase, from \$800 to \$1,000. Simon C. Smith, promoted from fellow in rhetoric and elocution to assistant in same department with salary increase from \$300 to \$600. Dr. John E. Hall was appointed instructor in mathematics, for four months to fill the place of Prof. Thompson, who was granted a leave of absence.

A Commandant Elected.

The board elected a commandant of the cadets and military instructor, Lieutenant Palmer E. Pierce being the man. He comes highly recommended. He belongs to the Thirtieth regiment infantry. He has been doing duty for fifteen months in the Philippines, and served in the rough Puerto Rico campaign.

There is no solution to the trouble between President Raymond and the members of the faculty.

The situation is strained, and the board is in a quandary. The president says he must be sustained or he will resign. A majority of the members wish to sustain him, but they cannot do it without removing the professors named by Raymond, as his enemies. This action, they say, would bring down upon their heads untold criticism, and would result in the dragging of the institution into the approaching campaign.

The spring convocation exercises were brought to a close this evening, with a recital by the school of music faculty, which was heard by a large audience last night. President Jordan, of Leland Stanford lectured on the "Blood of Nations." Class work for the spring term began to-day. The enrollment shows about thirty new students.

FORTY-FOUR BALLOTS

Taken by the Weston Asylum Board on the Superintendency, Without Result—Election Postponed Until July Meeting.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. WESTON, W. Va., April 5.—For two and one-half hours to-day the board of directors of the Weston Asylum for the Insane balloted on the superintendency. Forty-four ballots were taken, but the board was unable to give any of the several candidates voted for a majority, and finally it was agreed to postpone the election of a successor to Superintendent Stathers until the regular meeting in July. In the meantime, of course, Dr. Stathers holds over.

The following members of the board were present: Messrs. McElhen, Sterling, Zallinizer, Miller, Crook, Hurst, Toler and Hardman. Five votes were necessary for election, but no candidate received more than three at any stage of the balloting. Dr. Stathers received two votes throughout. Dr. Kunst, of Weston, and Dr. J. W. Chesney, of Fairmont, on several ballots were given three votes. The other candidates voted for to-day were Dr. J. L. Hoff, of Philippi; Jones, of Mannington; Reger, of Buckhannon; Cummings, of East Bank; Neeley, of Jane Lew, and Wooster.

HURRAH FOR HUNTINGTON.

The Republicans Elect Every Candidate With One Exception.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. HUNTINGTON, W. Va., April 5.—This city was carried in toto by the Republicans to-day, with one exception, C. W. Campbell, Democrat, being elected to council. It was a signal victory for the reason that there were several tickets in the field and the Democrats worked like beavers for success. Branderbury, for mayor, was elected by a majority of 225, and the average majority of the other candidates was 300.

Hon. Emmett M. Showalter, who is here in attendance at federal court, received the following dispatch from Hon. Elliott Northcott late last night:

"Have elected every man on Republican ticket by largest majorities ever given. Glory! Hallelujah!"

CITY OF BROTHERLY LOVE

Receives Candidate Admiral Dewey, and His Wife.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 5.—Admiral and Mrs. Dewey arrived here at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon and attended the second concert in aid of the families of the soldiers and sailors who have lost their lives in the Philippines. Upon arrival the distinguished visitors were driven to the Hotel Stratford, where luncheon was served, and then proceeded to the Academy of Music. This is Admiral Dewey's first visit to Philadelphia since his return from the Philippines.

Weather Forecast.

For Ohio, Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Friday; rain Saturday; variable winds, shifting to fresh easterly.

Local Temperature.

The weather yesterday, as registered by C. Behner, druggist, corner of Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows:

5 a. m. 31 | 2 p. m. 61
8 a. m. 40 | 5 p. m. 64
12 m. 49 | 7 p. m. 61

Weather—Clear.